

**Research and Technology Transfer** 

# Grant Writing Workshop 2025 Day 4



### Identifying Good Collaborators: Building a Collaborative Team Based on Complementary Skills

**Research and Technology Transfer** 

research@astate.edu







# **Meet Your Presenters**



Dr. Travis Marsico

Vice Provost for Research, Innovation, and Discovery

Executive Director of the Arkansas Biosciences Institute

Professor of Botany



Dr. Kari Harris

Director, Office of Student Research and Scholarship





### **Define Your Goals and Needs**

- Before you start looking for research collaborators, you need to have a clear idea of what you want to achieve and what you need from them. Having a clear and realistic goal and need will help you narrow down your potential collaborators and communicate your ideas, plans, and expectations.
  - Do you have a specific research question, problem, or gap that you want to address?
  - Do you need a complementary skill, method, or perspective that you lack?
  - Do you want to expand your network, access new resources, or increase your visibility?





### **Search for Relevant and Diverse Profiles**

Once you have defined your goals and needs, you can start searching for research collaborators who match your criteria. There are many ways to find potential collaborators:

- Browsing online databases, platforms, and directories
- Attending conferences, workshops, and seminars
- Reading publications, blogs, and newsletters
- Joining professional associations
- Asking for referrals from peers, mentors, or contacts





# **Collaborating Effectively**

### Considerations before collaborating:

- How does this opportunity move your research agenda forward?
- How does the project fit in your professional development goals?
- Do I have the resources necessary to engage in this collaboration effectively?





# **Collaborating Effectively**

- Seek common understanding
- Lay clear ground rules
- Define and operationalize project goals and scope
- Address institutional barriers
- Ensure open and honest communication





# **Collaborating Effectively**

### **Considerations for engaging collaborators:**

- Time: Faculty need opportunities to interact, develop ideas and work well together.

  Developing a shared language is necessary for interdisciplinary collaborations.
- Equity: Avoid unequal involvement in research or unfair recognition of time and effort in PI/Co-PI roles and authorship.
- Inclusion: Treat others with respect. Intellectual and demographic diversity enhances creativity and insight.
- Good Communication: Develop strategies for working together. Clear conversations about expectations, roles, and responsibilities help maintain respectful communication.
   Recognize that roles can develop and change over the course of a collaboration.





### Establish a Formal Agreement and Plan

- A formal agreement is a document that outlines the purpose, scope, duration, and terms of the collaboration. The agreement can include information on authorship, ownership, ethics, confidentiality, and dispute resolution. A formal agreement can help avoid future misunderstandings, conflicts, and legal issues.
- A plan is a document that describes the goals, objectives, activities, milestones, and deliverables of the collaboration. the plan can include research questions, methods, data, analysis, outputs, and dissemination. A plan can help coordinate work, monitor progress, and evaluate outcomes.





### Why Use AI in Grant Writing?

Al can support researchers in key grant-writing tasks by:

- Saving time: Generating drafts, summaries, rewording, etc.
- Improving clarity: Refining tone, style, and structure
- Enhancing precision: Language polishing, proposal alignment with solicitation guidelines
- Staying organized: Tracking deadlines, tasks, and collaboration
- Al is a support tool, not a substitute for expertise or originality





### Where Al Helps — and Where It Doesn't

#### **Use Al for:**

- Drafting sections (abstracts, biosketches, needs statements)
- Clarifying complex ideas or rephrasing technical content
- Generating checklists/timelines from RFPs
- Summarizing relevant literature (e.g., using Elicit or Scite.ai)
- Finding matching grant opportunities (e.g., GrantForward + Notion AI)

#### **Avoid Al for:**

- Writing methodology or budget justifications without human input
- Submitting unreviewed or unverified Al-generated text
- Interpreting funder intent or reviewer expectations



Always apply your judgment and revise thoroughly



### **Pros, Cons & Smart Use Strategies**

#### **Pros:**

- Accelerates drafting
- Enhances writing quality
- Aids non-native English speakers
- Assists in early brainstorming

#### Cons:

- May generate inaccurate or outdated info
- Cannot understand nuanced grant requirements
- Ethical gray zones: originality, plagiarism, transparency

### **Smart Use Tips**

- Treat Al as a co-writer, not a ghostwriter
- Cite original sources yourself Al often fabricates them
- Use clear prompts (e.g., "Write a 250-word summary for a federal STEM grant")
- Ask Al to review and improve, not just write





### **Funder Expectations & Ethical Use**

Most funding agencies (e.g., NSF, NIH, ERC, Horizon Europe):

- Do not ban Al use in proposal drafting
- Expect full intellectual ownership by the applicant
- May require disclosure if Al is significantly used
- Warn against plagiarism or unverified claims

### **Best practices for faculty:**

- Disclose Al use in a cover letter or narrative section (if in doubt) or in a statement if requested or required by the sponsor
- Keep a log of Al-generated content you used and revised
- Follow A-State's or funder's Al use guidelines (some are emerging)





### **Key Takeaways for Faculty**

- Al can boost productivity and polish when used wisely
- Do not outsource your intellectual contribution
- Use Al for tasks that are mechanical, not strategic
- Always revise, verify, and contextualize AI content
- Disclose AI use transparently as appropriate and required
- Your expertise and insight remain irreplaceable in securing funding





# Sentence Simplification

### **Instructions:**

- You'll be given five real-style grant sentences.
- For each, rewrite the sentence in simpler, clearer, and more concise terms—without changing the meaning.
- Use plain academic English, cut unnecessary jargon, and aim for reader-friendly phrasing.
- Try to keep short and powerful—clear writing increases your chances of funding.





# **Building Methodology**

Task: Build your own methodology

Time: 1 hour



# **Engaging Students in Research Development and Mentorship**

Office of Student Research and Scholarship

Dr. Kari Harris, Director kharris@astate.edu







## **Collaborations and Resources**





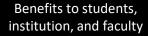


Considerations for student support in grant development

Institutional Support

**Funding Sources** 

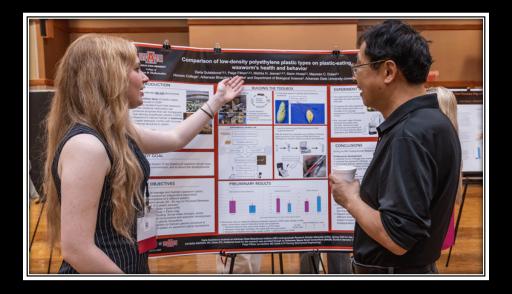






Developing capable researchers

2025 Create@State
Symposium of Research and Creativity



Student Daria Sulatskova presents her poster to Dr. Jay Xu, professor of biochemical engineering.





# Including Student Support in Your Grant Budget

### **Concerns:**

- Pairing students with appropriate mentors
- Allocating an appropriate share of the work to students in the research proposal
- What standards are in place to ensure an equitable selection of students for the proposed work?
- Ensuring students are paid appropriately for their time spent on projects
- Ensuring students have enough time to participate; Flexibility





# Including Student Support in Your Grant Budget

Contact Us! We can help with things like...

- Institutional Support
- Mentorship plans
- How to determine compensation for undergraduate and graduate students
- Tuition remission
- Stipends vs. Employment What is allowable and how do you choose?





## Gain an Edge: Institutional Support

When preparing a grant, you may have an opportunity to describe how A-State already supports students and encourages research and scholarship. This helps to show grant reviewers how and why A-State is the *RIGHT* place for the project you are proposing. Consider including resources we offer such as:

- Seed funding for students
  - A-State Research and Creativity Awards
  - A-State Travel Awards
  - Match for SURF grants
- Outreach coordinators for K-12 involvement
- Staff dedicated to student research efforts
- Accessibility
  - Student access to technology (computers, software, data centers, etc.)
  - Writing and Tutoring Centers
  - Student Support staff and services (Counseling centers, Pack Support)





# **Potential Funding Sources**

SURF (Student Undergraduate Research Fellowship) grants

OSRS Student Research
Travel Awards

Graduate School
Student Travel Awards

Internal seed grants that emphasize student involvement

Outside Institutional partnerships (Example: Hanover, Grants Resource Center)

Partnerships with Institutional development office for funding portfolios





# **Benefits of Intentional Focus on Student Research**







**Student Benefits** 

Institutional Benefits





# **Benefits of Intentional Focus on Student Research**

### **Student Benefits**

- Enhanced sense of belonging
- Hands-on application of classroom-based learning
- Leadership development
- See themselves as a scientist/researcher
- Networking
- Higher graduation rates
- More likely to be accepted to grad/professional school

### **Institutional Benefits**





# **Benefits of Intentional Focus on Student Research**

**Student Benefits** 

### **Institutional Benefits**

- Higher retention rates
- Greater student acceptance to graduate/professional schools





# **Benefits of Intentional Focus on Student Research**

**Student Benefits** 

**Institutional Benefits** 

- Better engaged with students
- Builds mentoring skills
- Potential to expand research areas





## Tips and Resources for Developing Capable Researchers



CUR Resources for Mentors and Students

**How and Why We Mentor** 

Five Effective Strategies for Mentoring Undergraduate Students



<u>Scaffolding</u> – Create clear goals and objectives, and ensure students understand the steps to take



Operational Empathy – Intentionally create an environment where students feel safe to learn and explore new ideas





### **Methodology Presentation**

### Instructions:

- Each person gets a scoring sheet with names, numbers, and a rubric.
- Say your name and number, then briefly present your methodology in 2–3 minutes.
- Others listen and score you using the rubric.
- The person with the highest total score at the end wins.





### **Contact Research and Technology Transfer**

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